## Senate File 583 - Reprinted

SENATE FILE 583
BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

(SUCCESSOR TO SSB 1201)

(As Amended and Passed by the Senate March 18, 2019)

## A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to electric utility rates and infrastructure
- 2 support options for private generation customers.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **476.49** Private generation rates 2 infrastructure support options for customers.
- 3 1. The general assembly recognizes the importance of
- 4 electric utility infrastructure, including electric generation,
- 5 transmission, and distribution systems, to provide electric
- 6 service to all customers in this state, whether electricity
- 7 is generated by a public utility, by a customer, or on behalf
- 8 of a customer. The general assembly also recognizes that
- 9 tariffs for electric service are traditionally designed for
- 10 the provision of full electric service to customers, not
- 11 taking into account the private generation of electricity. It
- 12 is the intent of the general assembly to require customers
- 13 who utilize private generation to pay their share of costs
- 14 of electric utility infrastructure, thereby eliminating
- 15 cross-subsidization. It is also the intent of the general
- 16 assembly to provide private generation customers with options
- 17 to pay their share of costs.
- 18 2. For purposes of this section, unless the context
- 19 otherwise requires:
- 20 a. "Avoided cost" means the energy rate paid by an electric
- 21 utility for energy purchases from a private generation customer
- 22 established in the electric utility's board-approved tariff for
- 23 cogeneration facilities and small power production facilities
- 24 and in accordance with section 476.43.
- 25 b. "Private generation customer" means an electric utility
- 26 customer who utilizes a private generation facility.
- 27 c. (1) "Private generation facility" means an alternate
- 28 energy production facility, as defined in section 476.42, that
- 29 is owned, leased, operated by, or operated on behalf of a
- 30 private generation customer and whose production of electricity
- 31 is used to offset a portion or all of the customer's
- 32 electricity bill or usage that would otherwise be purchased
- 33 from an electric utility.
- 34 (2) "Private generation facility" does not include any of
- 35 the following:

- 1 (a) A cogeneration facility as defined in 18 C.F.R. pt. 292, 2 subpt. B, including without limitation combined heat and power 3 facilities.
- 4 (b) A facility that produces renewable fuel as defined 5 in section 214A.1, which is registered with the United
- 6 States environmental protection agency as a manufacturer, in
- 7 accordance with the requirements set forth in 40 C.F.R. §79.4.
- 8 (c) A facility that utilizes a de minimus amount of biomass
- 9 in its operations. For purposes of this subparagraph division,
- 10 "de minimus" means less than ten percent of all fuel utilized in
- 11 the generation processes.
- 12 (d) A private generation facility with a nameplate
- 13 generating capacity greater than one megawatt.
- 3. A rate-regulated electric utility may file tariffs with
- 15 the board applicable to any private generation customer who
- 16 utilizes a private generation facility installed on or after
- 17 the date a tariff is approved pursuant to subsection 4. All
- 18 tariff rates charged to a private generation customer for
- 19 electric service shall recover the electric utility's actual
- 20 cost of providing electric service to the applicable customer
- 21 class, as determined by the board in the electric utility's
- 22 most recently approved rate proceeding. Tariffs filed pursuant
- 23 to this section shall be designed to ensure that a private
- 24 generation customer pays for electric utility infrastructure
- 25 costs. Tariffs filed pursuant to this section shall require a
- 26 private generation customer to choose one of the following rate
- 27 structures for the provision of electric service:
- 28 a. A minimum infrastructure charge rate structure whereby
- 29 the private generation customer pays a minimum amount each
- 30 month, or the private generation customer's applicable standard
- 31 electric service bill, whichever is higher. The private
- 32 generation customer's applicable standard electric service
- 33 bill shall be calculated using the applicable standard retail
- 34 tariff. This tariff rate structure shall allow the private
- 35 generation facility to offset the private generation customer's

- 1 energy usage, and shall allow excess energy to carry forward
- 2 in the form of excess energy credits to offset the private
- 3 generation customer's energy usage in future billing periods.
- 4 This tariff rate structure shall also include an annual
- 5 cash-out of excess energy credits at a rate that does not
- 6 exceed the electric utility's avoided cost.
- 7 b. A multi-part rate structure whereby rates applicable
- 8 to the customer include, at a minimum, a fixed basic service
- 9 charge, an energy charge designed to recover variable costs,
- 10 and a monthly demand charge designed to ensure that the
- 11 private generation customer pays for fixed electric utility
- 12 infrastructure costs. This tariff rate structure shall
- 13 allow the private generation facility to offset the private
- 14 generation customer's energy usage, and shall allow excess
- 15 energy to carry forward in the form of excess energy credits to
- 16 offset the private generation customer's energy usage in future
- 17 billing periods. This tariff rate structure shall also include
- 18 an annual cash-out of excess energy credits at a rate that does
- 19 not exceed the electric utility's avoided cost.
- c. A buy all and sell all rate structure whereby the private
- 21 generation facility's output is measured separately from the
- 22 private generation customer's consumption. All electricity
- 23 consumed shall be purchased from the electric utility and all
- 24 electricity generated shall be sold to the electric utility on
- 25 a monthly basis. Rates applicable to the private generation
- 26 customer for all electricity purchased from the electric
- 27 utility shall be the applicable standard retail tariff.
- 28 Rates applicable for electricity purchased from the private
- 29 generation customer shall not exceed the electric utility's
- 30 avoided cost.
- 31 d. A rate structure filed by the electric utility that
- 32 recovers the electric utility's cost of providing electric
- 33 service to the applicable customer class, subject to board
- 34 approval.
- 35 4. The board shall review a tariff filed pursuant to this

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- 1 section for compliance with this section, and shall approve the
  2 tariff as filed or docket the tariff for review in a formal
- 3 proceeding pursuant to section 476.6, and thereafter either
- 4 approve the tariff or modify the tariff to meet compliance
- 5 with this section within six months of the date of docketing.
- 6 If the board fails to complete a review of the tariff within
- 7 six months of the date of filing, the tariff shall be deemed
- 8 approved. A tariff approved pursuant to this subsection shall
- 9 supersede any previously approved tariffs applicable to private
- 10 generation customers, except as provided in subsection 5.
- 11 5. A private generation customer who utilizes a private
- 12 generation facility pursuant to a tariff approved by the board
- 13 on or before the effective date of this Act may continue to
- 14 receive electric service pursuant to the preexisting tariff for
- 15 the remaining duration of the contract involving the private
- 16 generation facility, regardless of any subsequent change in
- 17 ownership of such private generation facility. However, if the
- 18 private generation customer terminates electric service with
- 19 the electric utility, the preexisting tariff shall no longer
- 20 apply and the private generation customer shall be required to
- 21 receive electric service pursuant to a tariff approved pursuant
- 22 to subsection 4, provided that the electric utility filed such
- 23 tariff with the board.
- 24 6. Nothing in this section shall preclude a customer
- 25 from entering into a contract with an electric utility as an
- 26 alternate energy production facility, cogeneration and small
- 27 power production facility, or a standby and supplemental power
- 28 service customer under the terms of the electric utility's
- 29 separate alternate energy production facility, cogeneration and
- 30 small power production facility, or standby and supplemental
- 31 power service tariffs filed pursuant to the federal Public
- 32 Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, 16 U.S.C. §2601 et
- 33 seq.